

**Reading:** Werner 06: Premium  
**Model:** 2019.Spring #4  
**Problem Type:** Leveraged Effect of Limits of Severity Trend

W-06 (070) - (Problem 1)

- Find**
- (a) calculate the basic limits loss trend over a 1-year time frame
  - (b) calculate the excess limits loss trend over a 1-year time frame

**Given**

claim #	total limits loss
1	28,000
2	48,300
3	51,500
4	97,500

total limits severity trend	7.0%
basic limit	50,000

(a) calculate the untrended and trended **basic** limits losses

claim #	untrended basic limits loss	trended basic limits loss
1	28,000	29,960
2	48,300	50,000
3	50,000	50,000
4	50,000	50,000
total	176,300	179,960

$$\begin{aligned} \text{basic limits loss trend} &= \frac{179,960}{176,300} - 1 \\ &= 2.08\% \\ &\text{(final answer)} \end{aligned}$$

(b) calculate the untrended and trended **excess** limits losses AND trended total limits losses

claim #	untrended excess limits loss	trended TOTAL limits loss	trended excess limits loss
1	0	29,960	0
2	0	51,681	1,681
3	1,500	55,105	5,105
4	47,500	104,325	54,325
total	49,000	241,071	61,111

$$\begin{aligned} \text{excess limits loss trend} &= \frac{61,111}{49,000} - 1 \\ &= 24.72\% \\ &\text{(final answer)} \end{aligned}$$

#### Observation

The basic limits loss trend always has the smallest magnitude or absolute value.

The excess limits loss trend always has the greatest magnitude or absolute value.

and

The total limits loss trend is always in the middle

If the total limits loss trend is applied to basic limits losses then

====> if the trend is positive the trended basic limits losses will be overestimated.

====> if the trend is negative the trended basic limits losses will be underestimated.

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W-06 (070) - (Problem 2)

- Find**
- (a) calculate the basic limits loss trend over a 1-year time frame
  - (b) calculate the excess limits loss trend over a 1-year time frame

**Given**

claim #	total limits loss
1	64,800
2	94,700
3	100,800
4	117,000

total limits severity trend	-10.0%
basic limit	90,000

(a) calculate the untrended and trended **basic** limits losses

claim #	untrended basic limits loss	trended basic limits loss
1	64,800	58,320
2	90,000	85,230
3	90,000	90,000
4	90,000	90,000
total	334,800	323,550

$$\begin{aligned} \text{basic limits loss trend} &= \frac{323,550}{334,800} - 1 \\ &= -3.36\% \\ &\text{(final answer)} \end{aligned}$$

(b) calculate the untrended and trended **excess** limits losses AND trended total limits losses

claim #	untrended excess limits loss	trended TOTAL limits loss	trended excess limits loss
1	0	58,320	0
2	4,700	85,230	0
3	10,800	90,720	720
4	27,000	105,300	15,300
total	42,500	339,570	16,020

$$\begin{aligned} \text{excess limits loss trend} &= \frac{16,020}{42,500} - 1 \\ &= -62.31\% \\ &\text{(final answer)} \end{aligned}$$

#### Observation

The basic limits loss trend always has the smallest magnitude or absolute value.

The excess limits loss trend always has the greatest magnitude or absolute value.

and

The total limits loss trend is always in the middle

If the total limits loss trend is applied to basic limits losses then

====> if the trend is positive the trended basic limits losses will be overestimated.

====> if the trend is negative the trended basic limits losses will be underestimated.