

Reading: Werner 15: Commercial Ratemaking
Model: 2018.Spring #15
Problem Type: Experience Modification Factor for WC Rating

W-15 (046) - (Problem 1)

Find Calculate the experience modification factor given the following Policy Year (PY) data.

Given

| PY | Actual Primary Losses | Actual Excess Losses | Payroll |
|-------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------|
| 2020 | 500 | 6,060 | 105,000 |
| 2021 | 485 | 4,400 | 102,900 |
| 2022 | 470 | 2,940 | 121,275 |
| Total | 1,455 | 13,400 | 329,175 |

| | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|
| Expected loss rate per 100 of payroll | 4.00 |
| D-Ratio | 0.20 |
| Ballast value | 1,880 = B |
| Weighting value | 0.26 = w |

Step 1a calculate the actual primary & excess losses and the experience TOTAL & excess losses

$$\begin{aligned}
 A(p) &= 1,455 \quad \text{<== given} \\
 A(e) &= 13,400 \quad \text{<== given} \\
 E &= 329,175 \quad \times \quad 4.00 \quad / \quad 100 \quad = \quad 13,167 \quad \text{<== use expected loss rate} \\
 E(e) &= 13,167 \quad \times \quad (1.0 - 0.2) \quad = \quad 10,534 \quad \text{<== use D-ratio}
 \end{aligned}$$

Step 1b calculate the weighting w

$$\begin{aligned}
 w &= \frac{Z(e)}{Z(p)} \\
 &= \dots \\
 &= 0.26 \quad \text{<== weight is given (no calculation necessary)}
 \end{aligned}$$

Step 2 substitute the above values into the "M" formula for the experience modification factor

$$\begin{aligned}
 M &= [A(p) + w \times A(e) + (1 - w) \times E(e) + B] / (E + B) \\
 &= 0.971 \quad \text{<==== final answer}
 \end{aligned}$$

Note: *If we had the manual premium, we could multiply it by the experience modification factor we just calculated to get the final premium.*

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W-15 (046) - (Problem 2)

Find Calculate the experience modification factor given the following Policy Year (PY) data.

Given

| PY | Actual Primary Losses | Actual Excess Losses | Payroll |
|-------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------|
| 2020 | 500 | 5,820 | 103,000 |
| 2021 | 465 | 3,960 | 111,300 |
| 2022 | 485 | 3,030 | 102,533 |
| Total | 1,450 | 12,810 | 316,833 |

| | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------|-----|
| Expected loss rate per 100 of payroll | 3.00 | |
| D-Ratio | 0.15 | |
| Ballast value | 2,180 | = B |
| Weighting value | 0.29 | = w |

Step 1a calculate the actual primary & excess losses and the experience TOTAL & excess losses

$$\begin{aligned}
 A(p) &= 1,450 \quad \text{<== given} \\
 A(e) &= 12,810 \quad \text{<== given} \\
 E &= 316,833 \quad \times \quad 3.00 \quad / \quad 100 \quad = \quad 9,505 \quad \text{<== use expected loss rate} \\
 E(e) &= 9,505 \quad \times \quad (1.0 - 0.15) \quad = \quad 8,079 \quad \text{<== use D-ratio}
 \end{aligned}$$

Step 1b calculate the weighting w

$$\begin{aligned}
 w &= \frac{Z(e)}{Z(p)} \\
 &= \dots \\
 &= 0.29 \quad \text{<== weight is given (no calculation necessary)}
 \end{aligned}$$

Step 2 substitute the above values into the "M" formula for the experience modification factor

$$\begin{aligned}
 M &= [A(p) + w \times A(e) + (1 - w) \times E(e) + B] / (E + B) \\
 &= 1.119 \quad \text{<==== final answer}
 \end{aligned}$$

Note: *If we had the manual premium, we could multiply it by the experience modification factor we just calculated to get the final premium.*